PATENT SPECIFICATION



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373,950

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Complete Accepted : June 2, 1932.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements in Photographic and Projection Lenses.

We, Kapella Limited, a British Company, of 104, Stoughton Street, Leicester, do hereby declare the nature of this invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following statement:—

This invention relates to photographic and projection lenses of the kind consisting of a pair of compound dispersive members with their concave surfaces facing one another, placed between outer collective members, and the object of the invention is to provide an improved objective of large aperture and field of view.

A lens system of this kind was described in the Specification of British Letters Patent No. 157,040, having an aperture of F/2 and field of view of 50° or more, 20 and in which each of the collective mer bers was a simple lens. The aperture of that system was limited to about f/2 by reason of the depth of curvature of the dispersive members, this curvature being 25 necessary in order to secure substantial flatness of field and correction of spherical aberration.

We attain the object of the present invention by making one of the collective 30 members of two separate collective components, each of which has its outer surfaces of unequal curvature, and we use shallower curves for the dispersive members. By these means we are enabled 35 to enlarge the aperture of the system while securing equal flatness of field and correction of spherical aberration.

Either the front or the rear collective

member may be divided, and the front to member, that is the member nearest to

the longer conjugate, if so divided, should consist of two meniscus collective components with their more deeply curved surfaces facing outward from the lens system. But we prefer to divide the rear collective member, to give one exterior surface of each component a radius of curvature at least three times that of its other surface, and to place the two components with their more deeply curved surfaces facing one another. Either or both of the collective components may be compounded, but we generally prefer to make them simple elements.

The annexed drawing is a sectional drawing through the axis of a lens made according to the present invention, with the rear collective member divided, having an aperture of f/1.4, and being corrected for spherical and chromatic aberrations, coma, astigmatism and distortion.

We now give data for the construction of the example illustrated in the accompanying drawing. The notation is that the successive radii of curvature, counting from the front, are called R_1 , R_2 , etc., the sign + denoting that the curve is convex toward the incident light, and — that it is concave toward the same. The axial thicknesses of the elements are denoted by D_1 , D_2 , etc., and the separations of the members by S_1 , S_2 , etc.

The material is defined in terms of the mean refractive index "D, as conveniently employed, followed by the Abbe V number and by the type number in Messrs. Chance Brothers' optical glass catalogue.

	Equivalent foo Radii	eal length 1". Thickness	Separation	Aperture F/1.4.	$_{ m V}^{ m Flat}$ fiel	ld 40°. No.
	$R_1 + 0.9$	D15		1.6135	59.4	8065
5	$R_2 + 6.1$		S005	· ·		
	$R_s + 0.44$	D_2 .175		1.6135	59.4	8065
10	$R_4 - 1.65$	D02	• 1	1.579	40.4	407
,10	$R_s + 0.307$		S ₂ .195			
	$R_{e} = 0.350$	D02		1.579	40.4	407
1 5	$R_{\tau} + 3.8$	D _s .21	*	1.6437	48.3	*
	$R_s~-~0.523$	25	S ₃ .005	-	-	
20	R_2 ∞	D _c .08		1.6135	59.4	8065
	$R_{10} - 1.12$		S_4 .005			
	$R_{11} + 1.74$	$\mathrm{D}_{ au}$.06	<u>1</u> 1000	1.6135 .	59.4	8065
25	R_{12} ∞	£7 .00	٠	21040.2		

Does not yet appear in the catalogue.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of our said invention and in what manner the same is to 30 be performed, we declare that what we claim is:—

1. A photographic or projection lens of the kind referred to, in which one of the collective members consists of two 35 separate collective components each of which has its exterior surfaces of unequal curvature.

2. A lens as claimed in claim 1, in which the collective member nearest to 40 the shorter conjugate consists of two separate collective components each having one of its exterior surfaces of a radius of curvature at least three times that of the other surface.

3. A lens as claimed in claim 1, or claim 2, in which the more deeply curved exterior surfaces of the collective components are placed facing one another.

4. A lens as claimed in any of the preceding claims, in which the two separate collective components are simple elements.

5. A lens constructed substantially as

described and illustrated.

Dated the 22nd day of December, 1931.

KAPELLA LIMITED,

The Common Seal of Kapella

The Common Seal of Kapella
Limited was hereunto affixed
in the presence of:—

WM. TAYLOR, Director,

C. STAFFORD,

Secretary.

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